

D at 20

Hits and Misses

and a few things I learned about language design

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No Preprocessor

Unicode all the way

Code pages, EBCDIC, Shift-JIS, etc., should all be processed as ubyte arrays, not char arrays

Miss: Agnostically Supporting UTF-16 and UCS-2

Turns out they're sideshows.
UTF-8 is the one.

32 bit machines or greater

- C is best for 16 bit machines
- Even C++ doesn't work for 16 bit machines
 - no exception handling
 - no RTTI
- so why pretend?

2's Complement Arithmetic

Seriously, I've never even seen a 1's complement machine in 45 years.

Miss: bit Data Type

```
bit b, c, d;  
bit* p = &b; // !!!!
```

Having more than one pointer type is just a disaster.
I should have known better.

Fixed Integer Type Sizes

byte, short, int, long
ubyte, ushort, uint, ulong

Miss: Octal Integer Literals

Only good for two things:

- file permissions
- bugs

```
int i = 050;    // is that 40 or 50?
```

```
int i = octal!050; // definitely 40
```

https://dlang.org/phobos/std_conv.html#octal

Miss: Binary Literals

- invented them for Zortech C++
 - never used
- not easily discouraged, added to D
 - never used
- removed from D
- added to C++14 !!

IEEE 748 Floating Point

- Few understand floating point
- Fewer have a chance trying to write portable floating point
- Nobody wants to be bothered with these problems

Miss: 80 bit floating point

- Unable to convince people that more precision is worthwhile
- Neglected / abandoned by hardware

Miss: Complex Floating Point Type

- moved to library
- https://dlang.org/phobos/std_complex.html

Slicing

- Fixes C's biggest mistake
 - <https://digitalmars.com/articles/b44.html>

```
char[11] array = "hello world";  
char[ ] slice = array[1 .. 5]  
assert(slice == "ello");
```

Strings are Arrays

- No special string type!

<https://dlang.org/articles/d-array-article.html>

Miss: Then We Botched It

- autodecoding the strings
 - sometimes it decodes code units into code points
 - sometimes it does not
- still trying to dig our way out of that

No Bit Fields

```
struct A {  
    int a;  
    mixin(bitfields!(  
        uint, "x", 2,  
        int, "y", 3,  
        uint, "z", 2,  
        bool, "flag", 1));  
}  
A obj;  
obj.x = 2;  
obj.z = obj.x;  
writeln(obj.x); // 2  
writeln(obj.y); // 0  
writeln(obj.z); // 2
```

Built In Unittests

```
int add(int x, int y) {  
    return x + y;  
}
```

```
unittest {  
    assert(add(3, 5) == 8);  
}
```

<https://dlang.org/spec/unittest.html>

Built In Documentation Generation

```
/******  
* Adds the operands  
* Params:  
*   x = first operand  
*   y = second operand  
* Returns:  
*   sum of `x` and `y`  
*/  
int add(int x, int y) {  
    return x + y;  
}
```

<https://dlang.org/spec/ddoc.html>

Compile Time Function Execution

```
int square(int I) {  
    return i * i;  
}  
  
void foo() {  
    static j = square(3);    // CTFE  
    writeln(j);  
    assert(square(4));    // run time  
    enum s = square(5);    // CTFE  
    writeln(s);  
}
```

<https://dlang.org/spec/function.html#interpretation>

Easy Template Syntax

```
int square(int i) { return i * i; }
```

```
T square(T)(T i) { return i * i; }
```

<https://dlang.org/spec/template.html#function-templates>

Modules

```
import core.stdc.stdio;
```

<https://dlang.org/spec/module.html>

C Compatibility

```
import core.stdc.stdio;

int main() {
    printf("hello world\n");
    return 0;
}
```

<https://digitalmars.com/articles/betterC.html>

Uniform Function Call Syntax

```
int cook(X x);  
int eat(int i);
```

```
X x;  
i = x.cook();  
i = x.cook;  
i = x.cook.eat;
```

<https://dlang.org/spec/function.html#pseudo-member>

Miss: Safety should be default, not opt-in

- D has always had an emphasis on memory safety, but I underestimated how strong the desire for it is.
- The current default is for system code. We'll be changing it to safe code.

static if

```
const int i = 3;

void func() {
    static if (i == 3) {
        int x;
    }
    bar();
    static if (i == 3) {
        x += 1;
    }
}
```

<https://dlang.org/spec/version.html#staticif>

Template Constraints

```
void foo(int N())  
    if (N & 1)  
    {  
        ...  
    }  
...  
foo!(3)(); // OK, matches  
foo!(4)(); // Error, no match
```

https://dlang.org/spec/template.html#template_constraints

Scope Guard

```
Transaction transaction() {  
    Foo f = dofoo();  
    scope(failure) dofoo_undo(f);  
  
    Bar b = dobar();  
    return Transaction(f, b);  
}
```

<https://dlang.org/articles/exception-safe.html>

Transitive const and immutable

Necessary for functional programming,
and (future) ownership / borrowing system

shared As A Type Constructor

```
int* p;           // pointer to thread local int  
shared(int)* p;  // pointer to shared int
```

Miss: Postblit

```
struct S {  
    int[ ] a;  
    this(this) {  
        a = a.dup;  
    }  
}
```

<https://dlang.org/spec/struct.html#struct-postblit>

Pure Functions

```
int x;
```

```
pure int foo(int i) {  
    return i + x; // error: access to global `x`  
}
```

Along with `const`, can be used to do functional programming.

<https://dlang.org/spec/function.html#pure-functions>

Miss: Emphasis on GC

- GC is very good for batch programs, scripts, compile time function execution, memory safety
- Not so good for interactive programs because of pause time
- Uses 3x the memory of manual management

struct / class Dichotomy

- no more it's a floor wax / it's a dessert topping
- structs are value types
- classes are reference types

Miss: Contracts

- Preconditions
- Postconditions
- class / struct Invariants

<https://dlang.org/spec/contracts.html>

debug Keyword

```
debug printf("we got this far\n");
```

<https://dlang.org/spec/version.html#debug>

Miss: Exceptions are the default

- They're not zero cost, and never were, even when exceptions are not happening
 - expensive to insert unwinding code, needed or not
 - optimizations are disabled
- nothrow should be the default

Deprecation

```
deprecated void oldFeature();
```

```
oldFeature(); // Error: oldFeature is deprecated
```

<https://dlang.org/spec/attribute.html#deprecated>

Miss: Allow Throwing Destructors

- at risk for the dreaded double-fault exception
- destructors should be nothrow

Learned

- simple syntax wins
- convenience wins
- built-in wins over third party tool
- everybody hates bloat
- everybody loves colored error messages

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